

# Lesson 7.2

## Complementary and Supplementary Angles

Feb 22-8:33 AM

### Essential Question

How can you classify two angles as complementary or supplementary?

Essential Question

**Key Ideas**

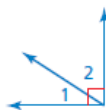
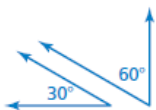
7.2 Notes

Get out your spiral notebook and protractor too!

**Complementary Angles**

**Words** Two angles are **complementary angles** when the sum of their measures is  $90^\circ$ .

**Examples**



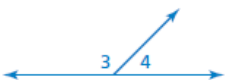
$\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  are complementary angles.

$90^\circ$  complementary

**Supplementary Angles**

**Words** Two angles are **supplementary angles** when the sum of their measures is  $180^\circ$ .

**Examples**



$\angle 3$  and  $\angle 4$  are supplementary angles.

$180^\circ$  supplementary

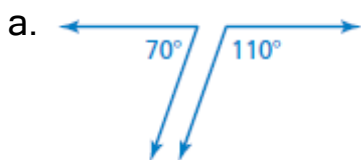
$C + C = S$   
 $90^\circ + 90^\circ = 180^\circ$

Giving a *compliment* is the *right* thing to do.

Key Idea

**Example 1:**

Tell whether the angles are complementary, supplementary, or neither.



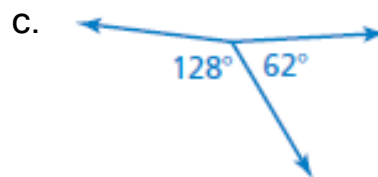
$70^\circ + 110^\circ$   
 $180^\circ$

Supplementary



$41^\circ + 49^\circ$   
 $90^\circ$

Complementary

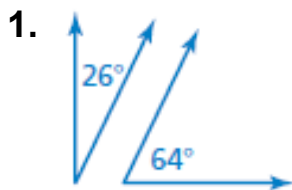


$128^\circ + 62^\circ$   
 $190^\circ$

Neither

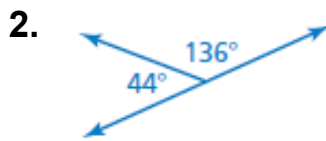
Example 1

Tell whether the angles are *complementary*, *supplementary*, or *neither*.



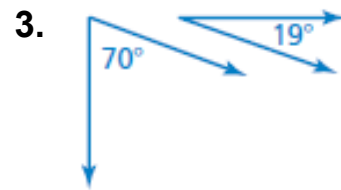
$$26^\circ + 64^\circ = 90^\circ$$

Complementary



$$44^\circ + 136^\circ = 180^\circ$$

Supplementary



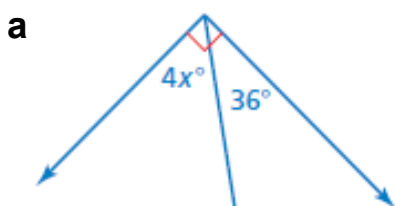
$$70^\circ + 19^\circ = 89^\circ$$

Neither

On your own 1-3

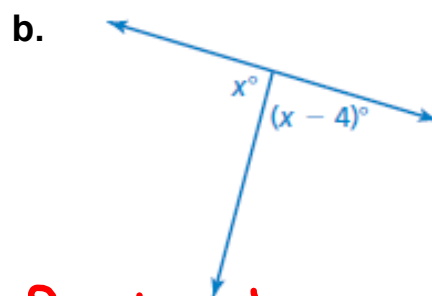
### Example 2:

Tell whether the angles are *complementary* or *supplementary*. Then find the value of  $x$ .



Complementary

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 36 = 90 \\ -36 \quad -36 \\ \hline 4x = 54 \\ \div 4 \quad \div 4 \\ \hline x = 13.5 \end{array}$$



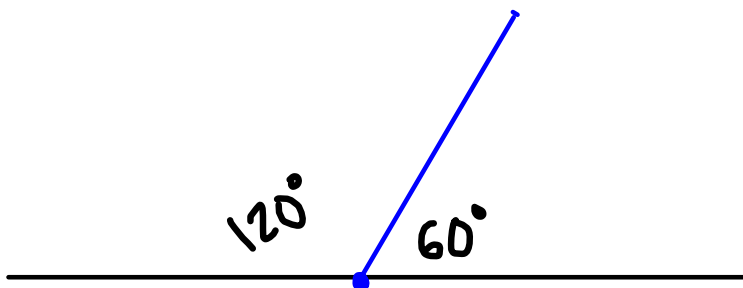
Supplementary

$$\begin{array}{r} x + x - 4 = 180 \\ +4 \quad +4 \\ \hline x + x = 184 \\ 2x = 184 \\ \div 2 \quad \div 2 \\ \hline x = 92 \end{array}$$

Example 2

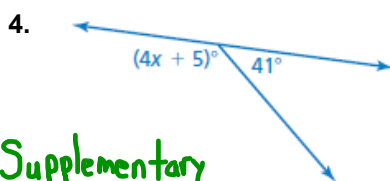
**Example 3:**

Draw a pair of adjacent supplementary angles so that one angle has a measure of  $60^\circ$ .



Example 3

Tell whether the angles are *complementary* or *supplementary*. Then find the value of  $x$ .



Supplementary

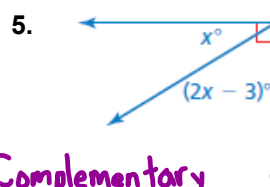
$$4x + 5 + 41 = 180$$

$$4x + 46 = 180$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -46 \quad -46 \\ \hline 4x = 134 \end{array}$$

$$\div 4 \quad \div 4$$

$$x = 33.5$$



Complementary

$$x + 2x - 3 = 90$$

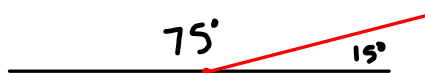
$$3x - 3 = 90$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +3 \quad +3 \\ \hline 3x = 93 \end{array}$$

$$\div 3 \quad \div 3$$

$$x = 31$$

6. Draw a pair of adjacent supplementary angles so that one angle has a measure of  $15^\circ$ .



On your own 4-6

**True or False?**

1. Supplementary angles could both be acute. F
2. Supplementary angles could be congruent. T
3. Complementary angles sum to  $180^\circ$ . F
4. Complementary angles could be obtuse. F
5. Every angle has a complement and a supplement. F

Closure